DEPARTS IN DISGUST

A South Carolina Leader Leaves Washington in a Sad State of Mind.

SURE HIS RACE HAS BEEN SNUBBED

The Policy of the Administration to Get Recruits From the Enemy.

HIS SOLUTION OF THE RACE PROBLEM.

The Secretary of the Navy Has a New Way to Get a Few Small War Ships.

A South Carolina delegate to the Chicago Convention comes to the conclusion that the administration intends to make as many converts as possible, even at the expense of antagonizing colored voters in the South. The Secretary of the Navy has a new plan for assisting the navy.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.] WASHINGTON, July 27 .- Henry Kennedy, of Newberry, S. C., who was a delegate to the Chicago Convention, and a strong Harrison man, has been here several weeks endeavoring to effect a settlement of the Newberry postoffice case. This is the place to which Charles Whitmire, colored, was appointed in May last. The white patrons of the office, it is alleged, threatened to boycott Wanamaker's business house if a white man was not made postmuster. Whitmire's commission was thereupon withheld, and has not been reissued. Kennedy has gone home disgusted with the administration. He says: I am disgusted at the way things are being managed, and so are the majority of my people. I am going to speak my mind when I get home, and tell the folks that they need no longer look to the Republican party for their salvation, We are only to be given the crumbs, except in

to the Republican party for their salvation, We are only to be given the crumbs, except in a few individual cases, and white Democrats who promise to become Republicans are to be given the fat i laces. There is absolutely no use in our fighting any longer to keep up a Republican organization. The colored people are aiready looking on the proposed national election law unfavorably. It will be a deciusion and a snare for us. It simply means that we are to be abandoned in our local struggles, as we have been since 1876. What we want is a recognition of our full political right in State affairs, as well as national. In fact, this is worth infinitely more to us. If the Republican party wants the colored voters to continue to give it their support, it will have to be a great deal more liberal with us in its policy than it has been.

The colored people are no longer frightened by the bugaboo of the re-establishment of the system of slavery, which kept them for a long time half scared out of their wits. They know full well, even the most ignorant of them, that their freedom is secured for all the time, and now their only political concern is for their rights of citizenship. If the Republican party only means to secure such legislation as will protect them in their support of its own domination, it will be better for them to be let alone. There can be nothing more feolish than the supposition that the chored people will vote for Congressmen, and in other ways keep up the anilmosity existing between them and the Southern whites, when they will receive no encouragement in their efforts to elect State officers. I am in favor of my people making speedy terms with the white people of the South, for in such a course there lies the whole solution of the race problem.

PLANS FOR A NAVY.

Vessels in the Revenue and Other Departments a Spleudid Basis if Properly Built-Congress Will Be Asked to Act.

WASHINGTON, July 27 .- One of the recommendations likely to be incorporated in the report of Secretary Tracy to Congress this fall is that all the vessels built or purchased by the Government be constructed with a view to service in time of war as smaller haval vessels. Said a prominent official of the Navy Department, speaking of this subject:

"If we are going to have a navy let us build it up by all the means in our power and make every vessel owned by the Government a part of it, to be used for its primary purpose in time of peace, but effective for offensive and detensive war. There are probably 100 revenue cutters, light-house tenders and vessels operated in the service of the Fish Commission. cuiters, light-house tenders and vessels operated in the service of the Fish Commission. Coast Survey, etc., which could be and should be so constructed as to form a powerful arm of the navy in time of need. As it is, they are built without regard for the protection of their machinery or facilities for carrying armament. Both of those could be provided without materially increasing the cost of the vessels. Other nations do not spend their money for ships of any kind that cannot be converted into war-ships in case of necessity, and the United States should follow their example. The lighthouse tenders, for mstance, with their crews familiar with the planting of buoys and handling ground tackle, would prove invaluable as tornedo boats. Our Government vessels should be built on plans prepared in the Navy Department and furnished, on requisition by the department, in the regular service, of which they are to be placed. In this way a powerful and model navy could be built up, and I think the powers that be recognize this fact."

Secretary Tracy, in order to carry out this idea of unity in the plan and organization of the navy, has appointed a board which will forwalted and recognize to the Secretary tracy, and recognize to the Secretary to the secretary tracy, and recognize to the Secretary Tracy, and the Sec

tion of the navy, has appointed a which will formulate and report to the Sec-retary a general plan to be followed in building up the navy-of how many and of what classes of vessels it should consist; how much should be appropriated each year for construction, so that within a reasonable period of time the model or ideal navy should be completed; what will be the prob-able deterioration by wear and tear, and how great an expenditure would be necescome that deterioration. Heretofore there has been no general plan of constructing and organizing a navy approved or pr pared, and this action of the Secretary very favorably received by the officials of

IT IS NOW OR NOT AT ALL.

The Chieftaincy of the Secret Service Not Subject to Seantorial Approval. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

WASHINGTON, July 27 .- An employe of

the Treasury Department said to the correspondent of THE DISPATCH to-day: I see by THE DISPATCH that the K of L. of Western Pennsylvania are adopting resolutions looking toward the detest of the confirmation of Detective Furlong, if he be appointed Chief of the Secret Service erps of the Treasury Department. I have no interest whatever in the strife for the place, it may be well for the friends and opponents of any of the candidates to know that the Chief of the Secret Service is not confirmed. His appointment is not a Presidental one, and the Senate has nothing to do with it. Whatever is done in favor or against any of the candidates will have to be done before the appointment is made by the Secretary of the Treasury, with whom is the appointing power, though I hear the President is inclined to interfere in the

CONTRACT LABOR QUESTIONS.

Queer Phases of the Law That Come Up Only as Hypothetical Cases.

WASHINGTON, July 27 .- Acting Secretary Batchelor has written a letter to the Collector of Customs at Cape Vincent, N. Y., in regard to the enforcement of the alien contract labor law, in which he says: contract labor law, in which he says:

The law does not prohibit allens or foreigners from volutarily coming into this country neeking for employment and contracting for work after their arrival here. One who was an American citizen, but has become a naturalized citizen of another country, is an alien in the sense of the law. As to the case of an American citizen residing in Canada, but without having been naturalized there, and coming into this country under a previous contract to labor—the question as to his liability under the law will be decided when a case is presented with its facts and circumstances.

In view of the many complicated situations and close business relations along the Canadian line, which apparently were not contemplated or provided for by the law, it is preferred that they be submitted to the consideration of Congress before a needlessly rigorous enforcement of the law, possibly causing unoccessary hardship and financial injury to American citizens.

HIS NAME IN STONE.

Mr. Bell's Effort After Undying Fame Not Appreciated at Washington-A Pitts-burg Public Building's Peculiarity. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCHAL

WASHINGTON, July 27 .- The citizens of Pittsburg who have noted the fact that in one of the hallways of the new Government building the name of "M. E. Bell, Supervising Architect," appears chiseled into the wall, may not be aware that this is a peculiarity which distinguishes the Pittsburg building from any other in the United States. The edifice may have other extraordinary features, such as the length of time it has been in process of construction, but in that it has several counterparts in other cities of the country. It is the one Government building which bears the name of the Supervising Architect. Just why Mr. Bell should have been anxious to im-

Mr. Bell should have been anxious to immortalize himself in the walls of this particular pile is a mystery, for no less than four Supervising Architects have come and gone since it was designed.

Supervising Architect Hill drafted the original plans. A new plan, embodying most of the old, was made by Mr. Bell. Modifications were made by Mr. Freret, and Supervising Architect Windrim has also made some slight modifications. When it is finished most of the structure will be found to have been erected during the terms of Freret and Windrim. In view of all these circumstances the Government authese circumstances the Government au-thorities are somewhat surprised that Mr. Bell should have assumed to inscribe his name on the walls, especially as such has not been the custom at any time in regard to many such structures. The existence of this remarkable legend has only recently this remarkable legend has only recently been made known at the Treasury Depart-ment, and it remains to be decided whether it will simply be chiseled off or whether the stone with the inscription will be removed intact and brought here to be placed in the National Museum beside the strange Runic, Assyrian, Aztec and Toltec hieroglyphics Assyrian, Aztec and Toltec hieroglyphics which form the attraction of one of the most interesting departments of that vast col-

As there is no appropriation available for this latter plan of disposal, it is suggested that possibly the 100 citizens of Pittsburg who presented a medal to Captain Armes, for pulling General Beaver's nose, will, by means of a private subscription, have the entire stone removed and transported to the capital as their gift to the museum.

TOO MUCH SHRINKAGE.

The Surprising Manner in Which Crawford County Liquor Loses Itself.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, WASHINGTON, July 27 .- Unofficial information has been received at the Treasury Department that there is a possibility of a small scandal in that portion of the internal revenue district of the western counties of Pennsylvania which produces whisky held in bond in the storehouse in Crawford county A well-known druggist made a purchase of whisky which had been in bond and found that during a period when the liquor should not have shrunk more than three gailons to the barrel it had really sustained a loss of about seven gallons to the barrel. Naturally this excited the curiosity of the pur chaser, as well as the distiller from whom the purchases was made, but as yet the mys the porchases was made, but as yet the mys-tery is not solved as to how seven gallons could escape from each barrel while the en-tire lot bonded was under the eye of the keeper of the Government, storehouse.

PATE INTERPOSED.

Divorce Proceedings Interrupted by an Absent Wife's Return.

PETECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. DENVER, July 27 .- A romance in real life is the story of the separation and reuniting of Cyprian Turcott, a retired captain in the French army, and his wife, Mary, after three years. Three years ago man. His wife and two children were sent home on a visit to the wife's mother, nea Montreal, and Turcott went to work. Letters between the husband and wife were few and at last ceased altogether.

Mrs. Turcott, who is a highly educated and cultured woman, supported her three children by teaching French and music. She lived with her husband's parents near Montreal. Turcott, however, fell in love with a lady of this city. She returned his affection with ardor. Through a lawyer early divorce proceedings were begun. Tur-cott alleged that his wife deserted him in Boston. The divorce was granted quietly, and it was his intention to marry his new love on the evening of the same day. But

ate interposed.

A triend of the wife wrote to her of the divorce proceedings and engaged Attorney
H. B. O'Reilly, who sent for him. The
lawyer told him the divorce proceedings
would cost him \$500 before he got through,
and Turcott threw up both hands. Just then there came a knock at the door and Turcott was asked to open it. He did so, and there on the threshold stood his wife and two little girls, one of whom he had never seen before. The sight melted the faithless husband completely. The wife fell on his neck and they both wept. The divorce pro-ceedings will be dropped and there will be no second wedding.

Braddock's Wire Mill Working.

The barbed wire department of the Braddock wire mill will resume operations on Monday morning, thus setting the entire plant in motion. The rod mill started up the first of the week, and the wire drawers were put to work to-day. The plant has been idle for a month, during which time all necessary repairs were made and considerable improved machinery put in. The firm has many orders ahead.

A Mother's Foolish Act.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH) HARRISBURG, July 27 .- Mrs. William H. Schlayer, of this city, gave her 4-months child a dose of morphia and afterward took a large quantity herself. The child died, and Mrs. Schlayer is seriously ill. The woman imagined that she was a burden to her husband and administered the morphia to kill herself and child.

Kicked His Wife to Death. WILKESBARRE, July 27 .- Mark King, a burly mines of ungovernable temper, residing near Hazleton, last night knocked his wife down and kicked her in the stomach and face. His children witnessed the as-sault and ran for assistance, and when Mrs. King's mother arrived a few minutes later she found her daughter lying dead on the

she found her daughter I floor. King was arrested. Killed in a Row Over Cards. CLEVELAND, July 27 .- John Dallas and George May quarreled over a game of cards in a saloon at Bethlehem, Crawford county,

last night, and finally came to blows. Dur-ing the meiee Dallas suddenly died. May gave himself up, declaring that he had no intention of killing the man. An Intruder Arrested This Morning. At 1 o'clock this morning Special Officer Denniston arrested Michael O'Donnell, who was found coming out the rear of John Mc-Mahon's clothing store on Liberty, near Grant street. No goods were found on his

Double Burners on Carson Street. Yesterday the electric light lamps on Carble carbon burners. The double burners give much more satisfaction, as the single nes frequently went out.

Run Down by an Accommodation Edward Ennis, of Tarentum, was killed near his home last evening by an accomme-lation train on the West Penn Bailroad.

A CORPSE AND A MYSTERY. The Body of a Man Found at Ross' Grove Has Strange Missives About It-

Clandestine Meeting. The Coroner was notified yesterday that the body of a man had been found at Ross' Grove, in the Allegheny river. He had the body brought to the morgue. Several let-ters were found in the man's clothes, making it a mysterious case. The deceased was evidently Waliace Wheeler, of Tarentum, the letters were thus addressed. A bill also showed Wallace Wheeler to be indebted to I. R. Loucks, of Tarentum, to the extent of

The mystery is largely enveloped in two letters signed "Carrie," and a third writ-ten by someone who simply signs "H." The first two are written from Mt. Pleasant. The substance of the first, dated June 11, is as

Well, Wallance, I am in Mt. Pleasant. I arrived here at 6 o'clock last evening. * * *
Pap did not know me., He looked at me. I
knew him. * * * I think one week will be long enough for me to stay here. There are a lot of hard cases here. I gave pap what money I had left. He said: "My child, that is more than George or Budd done when they came home. They did not give me a cent," and then he cried.

The other, date June 14, also written from

Mt. Pleasant, is as follows:

I received yours yesterday and was glad to hear from home. I call that my home because I would not live here. They are the toughest niggers I ever saw. They say I am the prondest woman here. I would not do as these coons are doing for the world. I cannot tell you here, but when I come home I will tell you, and that won't be long. * * Pap wants me to stay two months, but I would not do so for 500. Polly is here, just as crazy as ever. * * Sally's husband is in the Greensburg Jail. * * If you send me money I will come home, or you can come up. Tell Prince I have not forgotten him. When I speak of him they think there is some little boy there, but I tell them it is my little dog. I miss him very much. Kiss him for me, and tell him to be good until I come home, and he shall not be tied so much.

The other letter is the strangest of the three, and gives the impression that some plot was laid. Half of the letter is missing, and the other half is so badly soiled from Mt. Pleasant, is as follows:

read. The part decipherable reads:

I want to meet you to-night about 10 o'clock. But if you don't meet me, Carrie knows where you are. It is a great secret, and if anybody knows of this meeting we are done for. My life depends on our meeting to-night. I have heard that you have been telling about our meeting. If you tell thus, I will kill myself Destroy this right away, so Carrie does not find it, for then I am lost. It is about Clendennen, if you understand it, He has been talking again.

and the other half is so badly soiled from being in the water that it can scarcely be

Another letter taken from Wheeler's clothes bears this address: "Miss Carrie Strouden, Tarentum, Pa.;" begins "My dear daughter," and is signed "Lizzie S.," evidently from the girl's mother. The letter contains a lot of gossip about the neighors in Mt. Pleasant. One thing appears certain; that is, while Wheeler was a white man, "Carrie" is evidently a colored woman. The inquest, which will probably not be held until to-morrow, will likely straighten the matter

TWO MEN RUN MAD.

They Almost Kill a 6-Monthe-Old Baby,

Who Was Ill With Fever. Mrs. Joseph Malia, of Soho, complained to Alderman Jones last evening that her brother, James Lanigan, came to the house, and after partaking of considerable beer, got into a quarrel with her husband. While engaged in the scuffle, the cradle containing this 6-months-old child was upset. The child has been lying sick for the past few days with a fever and not expected to live.

Mrs. Malia plead for them to stop, but interest of storying her husband struck her in stead of stopping, her husband struck her in the face, knocking her and the baby down. The fight proceeded.

STOLE ALL HIS MONEY.

Thief Captures \$185 Be

Bloomfield Chizen. A daring robbery of \$185 was made from Patrick Shields, of Main steet, Bloomfield, last Thursday night. Shields was in a store ou Penn avenue, near Thirty-third street, and intended paying a small bill. He was followed into the store by a young man. Upon Shields opening his pocket-book the man sprang at him and attempted to throw him to the ground. He succeeded in wrenching the money from Shields' nurse. in wrenching the money from Shields' purse and in an instant had disappeared.

Found Guilty of an Awful Crime. St. Louis, July 27 .- Joseph A. Howell, school teacher, who has been on trial in Lineus, Mo., several days past, charged with murdering his consin, Mrs. Minnie Hall, and her four young children, near Brockfield, in January last, and then burn-ing the house over their heads to conceal

the crime, was found guilty this afternoon of murder in the first degree. Sentence was Two Important Verdicts. The Coroner's juries in the cases of McGregor, who was drowned by the bursting of the bottom of Red Pond, and Daly, who fought with McNally in May and died Thursday night in hospital under an an-esthetic, exonerated all parties concerned in both cases, and McNatly was released

Lawrenceville in Darkness. All the incandescent lights in Lawrence ville were put out at 8 o'clock last night by belt at the East End Electric Light Com-

pany's plant breaking. FREE! PREE! FREE!

Grand Excursion to Thompson's New Y	g
Grocery-Low Prices for Everybody	
5 lbs Carolina rice	
5 packages corn starch	
4 lbs tapioca	
7 lbs rolled oats	9
7 lbs pearl barley	
8 lbs large lump starch	
12 boxes bag blue	
5 cans sardines	
2 lb can brook trout	
3 lb can mackerel in tomato sauce	
Chipped beef, 1 lb cans, 3 for	
Corned beef, 2 lb cans, 3 for 2 dozen parlor matches (200's)	
4 bottles home made catsup	
· 6 lbs good English breakfast tea\$	1
6 lbs good young hyson tea	î
6 lbs good Japan tea	i
1 sack choice amber flour (warranted)	1
Extra sugar-cured hams, per 1b 1	1
Goods delivered free to all parts of l	b
cities To those living out of the city	3
prepay freight on all orders of \$10, \$15,	
and namera Soud for estatorne	

M. R. THOMPSON, New York Grocery, 301 Market st., corner Third ave., op

Stop-Off at Cresson Springs on Pennsylva. Railrond Ticket. Railroad Ticket.

The Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that passengers holding first-class limited tickets of any description will be allowed to stop over at Cresson Springs, during the season, as long as desired up to October 31.

In order to avail themselves of this privilege passengers should notify the train conductor of their intention to break the journey at Cresson, and immediately upon arrival should deposit their tickets with the company's agent at Cresson.

This concession is greatly appreciated by through passengers, as it enables them to become acquainted with one of the most delightful mountain resorts in the country. All through passenger trains, including the

All through passenger trains, including the celebrated New York and Chicago Limited Express, stop at Cresson during

The fairest flowers in delicate enamel, undreds of styles, \$1 00 to \$5 00, at E. P. toberts & Sonr', cor. Fifth ave. and Mar-

TRAIL OF BLOOD

Colonel Jones to a Manhole. HIS DEAD BODY IN A BLANKET,

Leads Searchers for the Missing

While His Money and His Watch Taken by

His Brutal Murderer. BLIGH, A COLORED SERVANT, ARRESTED,

With the Greatest Coolness the Murderer Tells How

the Deed Was Done.

A trail of blood led the searchers for the remains of Colonel A. E. Jones, of Cincinnati, to a manhole, where the body was found sewed up in a blanket. His money and watch were gone. Charles Bligh, his colored servant, acted suspiciously and fled, but was captured at Madisonville.

CINCINNATI, July 27 .- The body of Colonel A. E. Jones was found this morning in a manhole not far from his residence,

murdered and robbed. The murder of Dr. A. E. Jones, familiarly known as Colonel Jones, is one of the most shocking things that could have occurred in Cincinnati. The Colonel was in his 77th year, but was as active as a man of 50. He had always had an inclination for military life, and kept it up by holding a connection with the Ohio National Guards, serving for a long time as surgeon of the First Regiment. Governor Foraker, who was his neighbor, appointed him a member of his staff as Surgeon General. He had been active in public affairs, serving often in the Municipal Council, and had besides hold several offices under appointment from the General Government. He was perhaps more widely known in Cincinnati than any other citizen.

Dr. Jones left his house about 3:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, wearing no coat, his feet in slippers, and went in the direction of his stable. He asked what time it was, though wearing his watch. That was the last seen of him alive. The family did not become alarmed until after night and then prosecuted their search quietly until yester-day, when notice was given to the police. During the day yesterday a trail of blood was discovered opposite the doctor's stable on Cemetery street, and, being followed, was traced to Park avenue, thence south two or three squares to the junction of Cypress street and Francis lane, where on the grass was quite a pool of blood. It was here, in a manhole of the sewer, that the body was found this morning. It was

WRAPPED IN A HORSE BLANKET. r rather sewed up, so that it was drawn out or rather sewed up, so that it was drawn out by means of a rope fastened around it by a man who had been lowered for that purpose. The body had been doubled up compactly, as if for convenience in carrying, and it is apparent that the trail of blood was that which trickled from his wounds as his mur-derer carried him to the place where he thought to conceal forever the trace of his crime, for he honed the water would carry the body into the river. It was found that the doctor's gold watch and his money were gone. This must have been the motive for gone. This must have been the motive for the murder, as the doctor had not an enemy in the world.

in the world.

There was but a single wound upon the body. It was upon the back part of the head and slightly on the right side, as if the blow had been given from behind. The theory now prevalent is that the murderer was Charles Bligh, the coloredservant, and that after committing the crime he hid the body until night and then, putting it into a grain sack, he carried it to its place of conceelment. Bligh was at the house all day yesterday and told of his last interview with the Colonel. When he left last night he said he would return at 5.30 this morning. said he would return at 5:30 this morning but he has not yet been found. A hoe in the stable bears marks which are pro-nounced to be blood stains.

THE SUSPECTED SERVANT. The fact that Charles Bligh, the colored servant of Colonel A. E. Jones, was missing to-day, thus confirming the suspicion against him of murdering his employer, did not him of murdering his employer, did not prevent the police from making other arrests. Andrew Hudson, colored, who left the Colonel's employment last spring, after being seven years with him, was arrested. He denied all knowledge of the crime and told such a straight story that he was discharged by the Chief of Police. Richard Lee, colored, also a former employe, was arrested. Lee claims to have seen a man on Thursday night some. have seen a man on Thursday night, somewhere in the neighborhood where the body was found, and to have heard a noise in that direction. Another arrest is Frank Buford, a bricklayer, in whose house Bligh and his wife are boarders. Buford says that he met Bligh last night and they had a drink together in a saloon and that Bligh got a \$5 bill changed. He says Bligh left the house early this morning. The Chief of Police after a searching examination of Buford was satisfied of his innocence and discharged him. The Chief of Police is certain that Bligh is the murderer.

Bligh has been employed about six weeks with Colonel Jones. He came from Madison county, Ky. He bears a bullet in his left arm as the result of some trouble there. He is described as a mulatto 30 years old, 5½ feet tall, weighing 130 pounds and wearing a mustache and short side whiskers.

BLIGH'S SUSPICIOUS ACTS. direction. Another arrest is Frank Bu-

BLIGH'S SUSPICIOUS ACTS. His wife says he came home last night late, and after he was in bed some one called him and told him he was wanted at called him and told him he was wanted at the sterner sex were somewhat taken by Colonel Jones'; that they were suspicious of surprise at the sight of a serpient in that unhim. He got up and was gone awhile, but came back to bed. He got up early this expected place. The young woman, as soon as she realized the situation, sprang to recover her property, but too late. A boat hand pitched the reptile overboard and would go down to the city and buy some Jones' and if they did not want him he would go down to the city and buy some furniture. Bligh was with the searching party all day yesterday, and when he left the house last night he said he would return at 5:30 this morning. He was quite sure Colonel Jones was out of his mind and that he would be found wandering in some of the ravines not far from his residence. A man who was with him says his manner was disagreeable and almost shocking on account of the levity with which he talked of the missing man.

The police have a theory that the murder The police have a theory that the murder was committed as the result of a quarrel, and that when Bligh saw what he had done he put the body over the fence in the woods until after dark, when he got a grain sack and packed the body in it and carried it to Bligh was arrested this evening at Madi-

sonville, O., and brought to the police station here at 8:25. A COOL VILLAIN.

Madisonville, where Bligh was arrested, is not more than five miles in an air line is not more than ave miles in an air line from the scene of the murder. Bligh was brought into the city and taken before Super-intendent Deitzsh, of the police force, where without hesitation or restraint he made a full confession of the crime. His manner was easy, and his story of horror was told with as little feeling as if he had been narrating the most commonplace events of a dull day's experience. His story was as ollows:

follows:

"My name is Charles A. Bligh. I was born at Richmond, Ky. Am 29 years old. I am married. In March last I came to this city, and on the third Wednesday in March engaged to work for Dr. A. E. Jones as hostlor and for other work at \$5 a week. On the afternoon of Thursday last I was working in the garden pulling weeds, when the doctor came out in his shirt sleeves, wearing slippers and a sloudh hat and began to scold me. I had just come out of the barn where I had gone for a necessary purpose. The doctor told me he waated the weeds pulled out of that cellery and he did not want any more excuses about it.

doctor passed by me I picked up.a bit of oak atick used in balling hay, and using both hands I struck him a blow from behind on the back of the head. He fell and was speechless, but not dead. He was net able to mover he only breathed. I went on with my work in the garden until about 6:30 o'clook, when I got a sack in the barn that had been used for oats and put his body in it. He was breathing yet and drew up his legs so that I could easily push his body into the sack. I then tied it up with a hitching strap and went into the house and got my supper as usual. The folks asked if I had seen the doctor and I told them I had not.

PUTTING THE BODY AWAY.

After supper they sent me to Mr. Thornton's, the doctor's son-in-law, to see if he was there. I came back and told them that the doctor had not been there. Then I went to the power house of the cable road and talked awhile with a colored man and came back about 10 o'clock. I took the sack on my shoulder and carried it down Park avenue to the man hole. Two persons were ahead of me as I went, but I kept out of their way. I laid the sack down on the grass while I took off the iron covering of the manhole and threw it in, covered up the manhole and went back to Colonel Jones' house, and soon after went to my own home on Washington avenue. Next day I went back and worked as usual till afternoon, when they told me I need not work any more, only I should stay around. I answered guestions many times that day that I had not been the doctor. Last night after I got home. Andy Hudson came to me and said the detectives had been to see him to ask what kind of a man I was Hudson said he told them I was all right as far as he knew, but he said from the way the detectives talked be thought they were about to put the doctor's disappearance on me.

This morning I did not get up till after 6 PUTTING THE BODY AWAY.

ance on me.

This morning I did not get up till after 6 o'clock. I then packed up my valise and went down to Fulton to take the train for Madisonville, but missed the train and walked out the railroad and pike. When I got to Madisonville tried to find some people I used to know in Kentucky, and when I got to Simon Bush's bouse the detectives got me. I did not take Colonel Jones' watch nor his money. I did not know he had his watch or his money with him. Bligh said he had belonged in Kentucky to an organization known as the Independent Order of Immaculates.

EGG CASE PATENTS

lake the Strawboard Association Anxious to Control the Lima Mills-\$1.000 .. 000 the Price Paid for Them.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. LIMA, July 27 .- The deal whereby the Lima paper mills pass into the control of the American Strawboard Association was consummated here this afternoon. The mills were the property of B. C. Faurot, who organized a stock company 20 years ago with ten members and built them. He atterward bought up the stock of the other members, and for the last 15 years has owned and operated the mills himself, in the meantime spending \$400,000 or \$500,000 in crecting new buildings, adding latest machinery and extending the facilities in every way. He also entered into the manufacturway. He also entered into the manufacturing of egg cases, buying up all the patents in the United States, until he had absolute control of this important industry. The American Strawboard Association has been endeavoring to secure the mills for several years, and has had representatives here at different times to confer with the management, the object being to buy the mills and close them. This proposition did not coincide with Mr. Faurot's views. He wanted the mills to continue running, as it was one of the first and most important industries established in the city.

mportant industries established in the city. Finally Mr. B. F. Newcomb, of Quincy Finally Mr. R. F. Newcomb, of Quincy, Ill., Vice President of the association, and Mr. Baird, of Akron, General Attorney, came here about ten days ago to confer, but went away again without fully consummating the deal. After they went away an injunction was obtained which prevented them from securing the mills in such a way as to shut them down. The same gentlemen returned this afternoon and it is understood paid \$1,000,000 for the property, although the exact figures are not obtainable. The mills are the largest and most complete in the country and have been in operation for 20 years, paying out many

and public spirit by having the mills con-tinue running. The egg case business has grown to immense proportions in the last lew years, the cases being shipped all over the world, and it was this important ture the association could not control out directly purchasing the mills and whole

A SNAKE IN HER POCKET.

A Woman Naturalist Frightens Her Companions Half to Death.

One of Portland's bright young ladies has decided taste for studies in natural history, and woe to the bug, beetle or butterfly which comes within her reach. She does not share in the general aversion to the reptile family, but handles toads, lizards and even snakes familiarly and tearlessly.

One day last week she was at Peak's Island with friends, and in their rambles about the fields and swamps she bagged a number of specimens. Among them was a green snake about two feet long. The sight of the squirming creature evoked screams from the other feminine members of the narty but the young naturalist caught it. party, but the young naturalist caught it up and allowed it to coil about her wrist.

This was too much for the feelings of her friends, however, and after a while she slipped the snake into her pocket, for want slipped the snake into her pocket, for want of better accommodations.

Presently the snake was forgotten. The party boarded one of the Cisco Bay Company's boats, and when about half way to the city a great commotion was suddenly caused among the passengers by the appearance of a green snake crawling upon the deck. Ladies screamed and jumped upon the seats or fied incontinently, and some of the sterner sex were somewhat taken by the sterner sex were somewhat taken by

A DELUGE FROM THE SKY

age-Exciting Scenes. CHICAGO, July 27 .- One of the fiercest storms of recent years burst over the city at 6 o'clock this evening. The electrical display was appalling. Scores of ob-jects were struck by lightning and the roar of the thunder was deafening. Seven alarms of fire were running within 15 minutes. The water poured into the La Selle street tunnel in such volume that passengers on the cable cars were compelled to stand upon the seats. In the southwestern portion of the city it is estimated that 1,000 persons were driven from their homes. The Wisconsin Central tracks were submerged, the water entering the fire boxes of the locomotives. Some of the big downtown gas mains were flooded. The storm ceased at 10 o'clock when 4.12 inches of water had fallen. This is the greatest rainfall for four hours in the history of Chicago. The damage to property by lightning and water will reach \$250,000.

It is reported late to-night that a house on Twenty-third street blew down during the storm and a number of people were killed. Selle street tunnel in such volume that

Bar Harbor Correspondent Philadelphia Press.! The report that Mr. Blaine shuts himself up and is only seen by personal friends is altogether false. He does not court secluby any means. He drives out, drives son by any means. He drives out, drives into the village almost daily, and is a regular attendant of the Congregational Church here. He is looking remarkably well, much better than even when abroad, I am told by a lady who met him in Florence. In course of conversation with the lady in question, he remarked: "It is just one year and a day since I last as wyou," giving evidence of a wonderful faculty of memory. MIDNIGHT ATTACK

Is Made Upon the Camps of the Tenth and Eighteenth Regiments.

THE SOLDIERS FLY TO ARMS

And Bravely Repulse the Enemy Without

OUR BOYS QUIETLY FURL THEIR TENTS

Losing Any Men.

Priends.

The camp of the Tenth and Eighteenth Regiments was abandoned last night. The boys had a pleasant time, conducted themselves well, and the townspeople nearby were sorry to lose them.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 CAMPS O. H. RIPPEY
AND J. B. HOWELL,
NEAR UNIONTOWN, July 27.

Encampment is over for the Eighteenth and Tenth Regiments, National Guard of Pennsylvania. Evans Grove, the scene of the encampment, is to-day a silent woods. Both regiments will be at home to-day. No military duty was performed to-day; it was simply moving day for the regiments.

The Tenth Regiment broke camp at 9 o'clock to-day, and the Eighteenth at noon.

The closing scenes around the two camps were full of interest, though the bustle and confusion of taking down tents and packing camp property was a less dignified object of contemplation than two well drilled regi-A special train of seven cars was in wait-

ing for the Tenth Regiment at Evans station from an early hour this morning, but it was 2 o'clock before it pulled out with its gallant freight. Company A, of Monongahela City, being the only company to go on the P., V. & C. R. R., was offered transportation in a special car attached to the train which leaves town at 3:30. Colonel Hawkins remained in town, and left with Company A for Monongahela City. It was after 12 o'clock when the Tenth got started.
When the tents were being taken down the
boys had considerable fun getting someone into the canvas and tossing him high in

the air.

The Eighteenth broke camp at noon, and The Eighteenth broke camp at noon, and the alternoon was consumed in sending in the camp property for shipment. The regiment marched to town from the camp this evening, and left in a special train of 12 cars. The Eighteenth sent a heavy patrol and guard to town to prevent any straggling or disturbance. A short time before the regiment reached town the patrol began picking up the boys who had put on heavy marching order and come into town early for a good time. The principal reason for their coming was the order closing all saloons when the troops got to town. Those who came without passes thought if the patrol did get them they would be taken to the train or kept under guard till the train the train or kept under guard till the train left. They were badly mistaken, as every man was marched back two hot dusty miles to camp and kept there till the regiment started from camp.

Two Company A boys resisted to the end, and one of them was wounded in the hand by a bayonet in the hands of a patrol. The patrol says the private struck at him and hit the bayonet. It created great excitement for a time. The bayonet passed through the muscle between the thumb and first finger of the right hand. The trouble arose from a very neat little game the man was playing. He fixed his bayonet and began walking the beat in front of the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would follow and place them under arrest, but would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and when he would finally agree to let them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and the first hotel them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and the first hotel them off the Spottsylvania Hotel, and the first hotel that he had been strength.

A Partont Learner Trust.

Government building.

S35,919,599 Saved by Bond Buying.

Hadroff to the Anarchists. Recent communications with St. Petersburg regarding the plotting of refugees in Switzerland leading to a common pressure upon the Swiss Government afford a basis for concerted action by the three Powers against Socialists, Anarchists and Nihilista.

A Definition of the Spottsylvania Hotel, and the Hotel to Mashington the plotting of refugees in Switzerland leading to a common pressure upon the Swiss Government afford a basis for concerted action by the Cou THE JOKER WAS CAUGHT. rest, but would finally agree to let them off on condition that they would "set 'em up." He was thus engaged when the patrol found him usurping his authority. At 4:30 the Eighteenth marched to town

At 4:30 the Eighteenth marched to town after giving three rousing cheers for Camp Rippey. The entire regiment marched directly to the Pennsylvania Railroad depot, where a special train of 12 cars was awaiting them. As soon as they entered the town the band struck up the familiar strain of "Goodby, My Lover, Goodby," which the entire regiment sang until they reached the depot. The boys had to lie at the depot from 5 till 8, and a gay time they had of it until the train pulled out amid the cheers of the men and the waying kerchiefe. cheers of the men and the waving kerchief of the aforesaid "lovers."

A SHAM BATTLE.

The event of last night was a sham battle The event of last night was a sham battle at midnight on the drill ground of the Tenth. A few of the men in the regiment had an inkling of, what was going to happen, but no one knew when to expect it. Yet when the long roll was beaten at midnight it took just 21 minutes to get the whole regiment to the field in perfect order. Companies D and K had been quietly taken out a tex minutes in advance of the sound. Companies D and K had been quietly taken out a lew minutes in advance of the sounding of the alarm, the former to act as enemy and the latter as skirmishers. Each man was supplied with ten rounds of blank cartridges, and rapid firing and quick execution of field movements lasted about 15 minutes, at the end of which the enemy were declared routed. The darkness and the suddenness with which the men were called out made this sham battle one of the most exciting events of the encampment. most exciting events of the encampment. The firing roused many of the town people from their sleep to wonder what was go-

ing on. Over in the camp of the Eighteenth much the same programme was observed. The long roll was besten about 11 P. M. to indicate the camp was attacked by the enemy. The men were in their drill field in a few minutes in line of battle and fired a volley into the ranks of the supposed foe, after which they returned quietly to camp. The firing was plainly heard in town and many people went to camp even at the late hour. Now that the boys are gone the people generally are sorry, especially the business men, as the town has done an immense business since the encampment. With few exceptions the boys conducted themselves in a manner gratifying to the officers and citizens.

BACK TO THE CITY. The Tenth and Eighteenth Regiments Re-

turn From Camp. The camp near Uniontown of the Tenth and Eighteenth Regiments broke up yesterday. The Tenth Regiment passed through the city a little after 5 P. M. en route home. the city a little after 5 P. M. en route home.

At 12 o'clock P. M. the special bearing the Eighteenth Regiment pulled into the Union depot. One company had left the train at Braddock, leaving eight destined to Pittsburg. The boys left the train very quietly, were formed in line and marched up Liberty street as if they were just returning from war instead of camp. Not even a hurrah was sent up. The only thing that would have told a stranger inside the depot that the troops had returned from camp was a short tune by the band on the forward platform of the depot.

short tune by the band on the forward platform of the depot.

At New Grant street two companies
haited and at a word of command broke
ranks and went quietly in different directions to their homes. Another detachment
went down Liberty avenue and the other
company went to their respective armories.

One of the officers said that nothing had
happened to mar either the pleasure or the
routine of the camp. There had not been a
single case of sickness, several of the boys
had the sense to say, and declared that they
never had a jollier time or enjoyed themselves more.

PLAYING IN GREAT LUCK.

Cuptain Armee Allowed to Go to Texas on

the erratic army officer who pulled Governor Beaver's nose and was court martialed is playing in great luck. He was sentenced to the loss of the privilege of wearing his uniform for five years and prohibited from going more than 50 miles away from Washington.

The Adjutant General has commuted the

sentence to the extent of giving the Captain leave to visit Texas on private business.

EXCEEDINGLY LIVELY.

The Central Trades Council and the Slaters -Victory for the Conservative Element Some Condemnations.

The liveliest meeting held by the mem bers of the Central Trades Council since the wake and burial of the Trades Assembly, was that of last evening. The publication in THE DISPATCH that the war between the Knights of Labor and the Federation would come up, had the effect of drawing out a good attendance, and they were not disappointed in the matter of un-looked-tor incidents. The trouble between the two factions who have been running the organization has about been settled, it is stated, by the better element coming out on

The ball began rolling by a motion to sustain the report of the Executive Board in refusing to admit X. S. Rees, the dele gate from L. A. 491, Knights of Labor, slate roofers. This is the organization that the Federation members claimed was nonunion, and said they would not sit in the meeting if the delegate was admitted. It was expected by the Federation men that there would be a hard fight to give the delegate his seat; but the latter's supporters apparently deserted him. Upon the roll cull it was found that 28 members were

opposed to admitting the delegate, while 3 wanted to allow him to come in.

The Carpenters' Union presented a grievance against James Getty, Jr., and J. T. Natcher, a contractor. These men were alleged to have hired non-union men. A committee was appointed to wait on them to secure the employment of union men.

The following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Resolved, That the Executive Board of the Central Trades Council are instructed to use their endeavor to secure a list of the deputy sheriffs who volunteered to go to Homestead to coerce and intimidate the striking employes of the Homestead Steel Works, and in case they find the majority of these hirelings to consist of union men in good standing of the various labor organizations, as we have reason to ous labor organizations, as we have reason to believe they were, that the attention of the officials of these organizations be called to the fact and requested that they be censured and fined as they see fit.

The above is in reference to about 25 supposed members of the American Flint Glass Workers' Association who went to Home-stead with Sheriff McCandles. Then came the following:

WHEREAS. Some of the labor organizations close down for a certain period in the year because they deem it beneficial for them to do so, especially in the heated months, thus securing to themselves steady work during the winter months: and
Whereas, These people are generally recipients of the largest wages paid, and are well
able to stand the six weeks or two months' stop redered by their union; therefore be it Resolved, That the Central Trades Council do

heartily condemn the action of those union men who are mean enough to take the jobs of the poor laboring classes during the summer stop, and especially those who use political influence to get room for them on some of the Govern-ment jobs. The latter resolution is in regard to the matter of glassblowers working at the new Government building.

A Patent Leather Trust. NEWARK, N. J., July 27 .- Fourteen ou of the 22 patent leather manufacturers of this city have signed options to sell to English syndicates on cash terms, but an option to take one-third in stock is given. There is a stipulation that no manufacturer who sells shall re-engage in the business within five years. The combination is formed to maintain prices.

The Night Was Stimulating. There was an unusual amount of drunknness on the streets last night, and the patrol wagon horses earned their feed. The way victims were dumped into the station between 19 o'clock and midnight, made the officials think they might need more room

He Wanted a Ride. Last night James McGill, aged 17, tried to steal a ride on the merry-go-round, at the corner of Carson and South Twentyfourth streets. Refusing to go away, he was taken to the Twenty-eighth ward sta-



THE WEATHER. A Prediction That Covers a Great Deal of Ground and Some Variety. For Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio, foir, followed by showers along the lakes;

ly winds, high on the coast.

warmer, southeaster-

River at & P. M., 2.3 feet, a rise of 0.1 feet in 24

Has been a most remarkable one. Their stores on Fifth avenue have been througed stores on Fifth avenue have been thronged with customers during this month, purchasing from their extensive stock of summer novelties. The great demand has been for Gypsyrings, stick pins, forget-me-not rings, and oddities in sterling silver, while the sales of diamonds and colored gems has been something astonishing for this season of the year. E. P. Roberts & Sons' stores are a pleasant place to shop in, and to be with the swim everyone buys at Roberts'.

Pennsylvania Railroad. For the benefit of visitors to Bedford Springs, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that the mail express, leaving Pittsburg at 1 P. M., will connect through to Bedford on week days, reaching that point at an early nour of the evening. This arrangement greatly improves the service to this very popular resort, as residents of towns along the line of the road can leave home after dinner and arrive at Bedford for supper.

\$4 75 to Niagara Falls and return on Saturday, August 3, at 9:30 P. M., city time, via P. & L. E. R. R. and L. S. & M. S. R. R., under direction of Smoky City Lodge 302, K. of P. Tickets good to return for lour days.

AN IMPERIAL

Proposed by Bismarck as a Guarantee of European Peace.

THE CZAR INCLINED TO BE COY,

But Austria's Ruler is Entirely in the Iron

Prince's Hands. .

WILHELM IS GIVEN A HEARTY WELCOME

Prospects of Change of Front Toward Secently Striking Minera. Bismarek is working for a diplomatic triumph in the shape of a meeting between

the Emperors of Russia, Austria and Ger-

many, with some prospect of success, though the undertaking is a difficult one. Such a meeting would be some guarantee of peace. [COPYRIGHT, 1889, BY NEW YORK ASSOCIATED

BERLIN, July 27 .- The greatest diplonatic triumph of Prince Bismarck's life will be achieved if he succeeds in his latest project, which was to arrange a meeting between the Czar, Emperor Francis Joseph and Emperor William in Berlin. News of the Czar's assent to the proposal that he should visit the German Court on August 23 was received at the Foreign Office Monday, causing the greatest satisfaction. Prince Bismarck Immediately communicated with Count Kalnoky, calling his atten-

tion to the opportunity presented by the near-ly coincident visits of the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph, and proposing that as in-terview be held between the three monarchs, as well as conferences between himself, Count Kalnoky and M. de Giers, the object being to dissipate all misunderstand-Officials here have been instructed to maintain absolute silence. They deny all knowledge of the Czar's intentions, and declare that they cannot count even upon a visit from him. The semi-official press bave

been similarly directed to maintain reserve on the subject, on the ground that criticism might alter the present favorable disposition or the Czar. AUSTRIA IN BISMARCK'S HANDS. The official circle in Vienna is less observant of secrecy, and discusses the chances of an interview. Count Kalnoky, it is stated, has placed himself in Bismarck's hands, but recuses to make any overtures to hands, our refuses to make any overtures to the Czar regarding a meeting with Emperor Francis Joseph. If Prince Bismarck per-suades the Czar to consent to the interview, the Austrian Emperor will postpone his coming until the 18th. He will not be present when Emperor William receives the Czar, but will go to Kiel for the naval review, returning a terward to Potsdam, where it is intended the Emperors shall meet. The Chancellor will return here on the 12th and remain throughout the visits of the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph. He is supposed to be aiming, not at a definite treaty of alliance involving Russia in the Central European League, but only to re-

establish better relations between the three empires and balk French negotiations for an offensive and desensive alliance with Russia. He has a foothold for a renewed entente in the Czar's increased intensity of

ranging an interview have been strength-ened by the support of the Russian Embas-sador, Count Schouvaloff, but everything sador, Count Schouvaloff, but everything depends upon the mood of the Czar.

The Kreuz Zeitung has semi-official advices from St. Petersburg, saying: "The Czar, who has frequently altered his intention regarding the return of the visit of Emperor William, has now assented under the persistent entreaties of M. De Giers and M. Vishnegradski. Since the Borki accident, the Czar has had a dread of a railway ionrney, even with the entire route guarded

dent, the Car has had a dread of a railway journey, even with the entire route guarded by select troops. He will be accompanied to Berlin by the Empress and the whole imperial family. The party will proceed to Copenhagan after leaving Berlin."

Russian papers, however, do not believe that the Czar's assent will be obtained by Prince Bismarck even though backed by M. De Giers and Count Schouvaloff. The Note Vreyma declares that the Czar goes to Berlin simply as an act of courtesy and

European situation unless Germany changes her policy by consenting to satisfy the legiti-mate aspirations of Russia. Emperor William arrived at Wilhelm's Haven this morning. As the Imperial yacht was sighted entering the roads, salutes were fired by the war ships in the harbor and by shere batteries. When His Majesty disembarked, a guard of honor on the quay presented an address and the band played the national anthem. An immense crowd, including hosts of visitors, were assembled to greet the Emperor. His Majesty is bronzed and vigorous-looking. Immediately upon landing he sent a telegram to the Empress, who, accompanied by her four sons, left Kissingen at 2 o'clock this afternoon for Wilhelm's Haven. Their Majesties will remain there until Wednesday, when the Emperor will leave for England.

The severity of the sentence pronounced on the Gortright miners convicted at Breslau of rioting during the recent strike there WELCOMING EMPEROR WILLIAM.

lau of rioting during the recent strike there will probably lead to an appeal to the Emperor. The prisoners are all under 20 years of age, and a number of them are not more than 16 years old. A CHANGE OF PRONT.

An article in the North German Gazette on strikes shows an ominous change of front on the part of the Government toward the miners. It argues that the recent strikes were a manifest abuse of the right of coallition. Semi-official newspapers con-cur, and predict that the result of the com-mission of inquiry into the miners' griev-ances will be nil, and that the Government will cease to interfere beyond suppressing breaches of the law.

breaches of the law.

Dr. Peters has sent a letter from East Africa to the Cologne Gazette in which he accuses the English Admiral Freemantle, of seizing the Peters' expedition steamer Neeram, although the vessel had no contraband of war abroad. The Cologne Gazette declares that unless the Government speedily adopts decisive measures, the English will completely exclude the Germans from Central Africa.

Chicago Colored Waiters Will Strike. CHICAGO, July 27 .- It is reported that on Thursday next all the colored waiters in the city propose to make a demand for higher wages and less penalties, and will strike unless their demands are granted. The exact number of colored waiters in Chi-cago is not known, but is up in the thou-sands.

WASHINGTON, July 27 .- The Secretary of washington, July 21.—The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed the following storekeepers and gaugers: James M. Besta, at Nichollsville, Ky.; Leelie W. Jones, at Butler, Ky.; James F. Saunders, at Walton, Ky.; An-thony Staubiey, at Martinsburg, W. Va.; M. D. Wainscott, at Richmond, Va.

WASHINGTON, July II.—Acting Secrets
the Treasury to-day appointed Stephe
Standart to be superintendent of the p
building as Denver, Col., vice J. W. Rot